

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 104556

TO: Katherine Mitchell Location: PK5 2A10

Art Unit: 3677

September 29, 2003

Case Serial Number: 10/176344

From: Barba Koroma Location: EIC 1700

CP3/4-3D62

Phone: 305-3542

barba.koroma@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Examiner Mitchell,

Please find attached results of the search you requested. The titles of hits are initially listed for quick perusal, followed by a detailed printout. The search involved searching structures along with the CAS numbers of various compounds in the composition, within the REGISTRY file. The hits were then crossed into CAPLUS and combined with each other and with utility text terms (i.e. cement or concrete composition). Please note that no hits were generated when the compounds in claim 1a were "anded." Please let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks.

Best Available Copy



Page 1Mitchell344

=> file reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:18:08 ON 29 SEP 2003
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 594810-89-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 SEP 2003 HIGHEST RN 594810-89-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> file caplus

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:18:14 ON 29 SEP 2003

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Sep 2003 VOL 139 ISS 14 FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Sep 2003 (20030928/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d que

L1 STR

KOROMA EIC1700

Page 2Mitchell344

```
7
CH2-C~G1
O O~Ak N~Ak
1 2 3
O~S~O
6 @4 5
```

VAR G1=4/CB/9/11/AK NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 11

```
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L2
               SCR 2043
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON CEMENT (3A) COMPOS?
L3
L4
               SEL PLU=ON L3 1- RN: 8970 TERMS
L5
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON 15214-89-8/CRN
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON 110-16-7/CRN
L6
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON 2235-00-9/CRN
L7
L8
               QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON 17832-28-9/CRN
L9 (
         6656) SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON CONCRETE (4A) COMPOS?
L10
               SEL PLU=ON L9 1- RN : 6344 TERMS
L11 (
         6339) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L10
          8949) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L4
L12 (
L13 (
          2302) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L12 SSS FUL L1 AND L2
         35612) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8)
L14 (
L15
               STR
```



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L16 (12553) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 OR L12 L17 (2409) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 SSS FUL L15 AND L2

L18 STR

Page 3Mitchell344

Ak @4 N-√Ak Ak-√OH @5 6 @7 8 Ak - ✓ O - ✓ G1 Cb√OH 1 2 3 @11 12 O C → OH . O C → Ak 13 @14 15 16 @17 18 13 @14 15 VAR G1=4/5/7/11/14/17 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 16 STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L19 (2270) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 SSS FUL L18 AND L2 L20 $Ak \sim N \sim C = 0$ 1 2 3 4 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 4 STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

STEREO ATTRIBUTES. NONE					
	L21	(352)	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 SSS FUL L20 AND L2
	L22	(178)	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND L17 AND L19 AND L21
	L23	(528)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22
	L24	(34881)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L14
	L25	(197)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND L24
	L26	(24)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND (CEMENT? OR CONCRETE)
				AND	COMPOS?
	L27	(30)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 AND (CEMENT? OR CONCRETE)
	L28	(1)	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L26 OR L27) AND (WELL? OR
DRILL? OR BORE?)					
	L29		30	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L26 OR L27 OR L28)
	L31		1	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 15214-89-8
	L32		1	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 110-16-7
	L33		1	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 2235-00-9
	L34		1	SEA	FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 17832-28-9
	L35		0	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND L32 AND L33 AND L34
				AND	(CONCRETE OR CEMENT?) (5A) COMPOS?
	L37		30	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L29 OR L35

₄ Page 4Mitchell344

=> d ti 1-30

- L37 ANSWER 1 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Redispersible polymer powders and their **cement** and mortar admixtures
- L37 ANSWER 2 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Cement dispersants containing (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains
- L37 ANSWER 3 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Organic amine salt antifoamers for cement compositions
- L37 ANSWER 4 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compositions
- L37 ANSWER 5 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Polymer-containing cement paste compositions
- L37 ANSWER 6 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Polymer additives for cement to improve strength
- L37 ANSWER 7 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Additives for hydraulic compositions, preparation of the additives, and cement compositions containing the additives
- L37 ANSWER 8 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- The use of copolymers containing ethylenically unsaturated monocarboxylic acids, their hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers, as additives in mineral building material compositions, and the building materials obtained
- L37 ANSWER 9 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Admixtures for concrete and their use, and method for dispersing cement with, and concrete containing, the admixtures
- L37 ANSWER 10 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Functionalized polymer for use in dental adhesives
- L37 ANSWER 11 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Dental cement compositions
- L37 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Process for, and use of, aqueous polymer dispersions for preserving mineral products, manufacture of the aqueous coating materials dispersions, and the aqueous polymer dispersions obtained
- L37 ANSWER 13 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Grout materials for mechanical cable coatings

Page 5Mitchell344

- L37 ANSWER 14 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Compositions of precast cement mixtures for construction
- L37 ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Setting retardant for cement-containing mixes
- L37 ANSWER 16 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Soil injection agents and injection process
- L37 ANSWER 17 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Aqueous polymer dispersions and their use with hydraulic binders
- L37 ANSWER 18 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Polymers and polymer dispersions and their use in hydraulic binders
- L37 ANSWER 19 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Artificial stone **compositions** for high-gloss products resistant to chemicals, water, and weathering
- L37 ANSWER 20 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Cement admixtures for improving workability
- L37 ANSWER 21 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Cement admixtures for improving flowability
- L37 ANSWER 22 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Cement dispersants for slump loss prevention
- L37 ANSWER 23 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Polymeric admixtures for cement
- L37 ANSWER 24 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Cement additives, their manufacture, and cement compositions
- L37 ANSWER 25 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Coating mineral substrates with fluoropolyurethanes
- L37 ANSWER 26 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Aqueous dispersions of synthetic resins, their manufacture, and their use as additives in mineral building materials
- L37 ANSWER 27 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Surface-treatment agents for mortar and concrete articles
- L37 ANSWER 28 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Lightweight cement composites with crack resistance and high water absorption
- L37 ANSWER 29 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

Page 6Mitchell344

TI Synthesis of water-soluble copolymers and building materials containing

L37 ANSWER 30 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

TI Composition and process for stimulating well production

=> d ibib abs hitstr ind total 137

L37 ANSWER 1 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:17336 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:74318

TITLE: Redispersible polymer powders and their cement

and mortar admixtures

INVENTOR(S): Hara, Koji; Kitamura, Kiyoharu; Shibuya, Mitsuo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Synthetic Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2003002978 A2 20030108 JP 2001-192521 20010626

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-192521 20010626

The polymer powders comprise polymer particles prepd. from ethylenically unsatd. monomers and/or diene monomers covered with anionic group-contg. vinyl alc. polymers satisfying (- 0.025 .times. SV + 2.40) < Ia (SV = sapon. degree; Ia = absorbance at 490 nm when mixed with I soln.). Thus, polymn. of Me methacrylate and Bu acrylate in the presence of sapond. allylsulfonic acid-vinyl acetate copolymer sodium salt (SV 83.0 mol%, Ia 0.330) gave a copolymer emulsion, which was spray-dried to give powders with good blocking resistance, film-formability, and water resistance. A compn. contg. cement and the powders was cured to give a test piece showing bending strength (JIS A 6203) 69 kg/cm2, compressive strength 300 kg/cm2, and good impact resistance.

IT 81313-01-1DP, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-vinyl acetate copolymer sodium salt, sapond.

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (emulsifier, adsorbed on polymer particles; redispersible polymer powders for cement and mortar admixts.)

RN 81313-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 64112-05-6

Page 7Mitchell344 CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2)x CCI PMS CM 2 CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S С- CH2- SO3H Me CM 3 CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2 Aco-CH-CH2 IC ICM C08J003-12 ICS C04B024-26; C08L023-00; C08L047-00 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) CC Section cross-reference(s): 58 stredispersible polymer emulsion powder cement mortar admixture; methyl methacrylate butyl acrylate emulsion blocking resistance; allyl sulfonic vinyl acetate sapon cement IT Cement Mortar (admixts.; redispersible polymer powders for cement and mortar admixts.) ΙT Emulsifying agents Polymerization inhibitors Water-resistant materials (redispersible polymer powders for cement and mortar IT 81313-01-1DP, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-vinyl acetate copolymer sodium salt, sapond. 120127-55-1DP, Allylsulfonic acid-vinyl acetate copolymer sodium salt, sapond.

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (emulsifier, adsorbed on polymer particles; redispersible polymer

powders for cement and mortar admixts.)

1762-95-4, Ammonium thiocyanate RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

IT

Page 8Mitchell344

(polymn. inhibitor; redispersible polymer powders for cement and mortar admixts.) IT 9003-55-8P, Butadiene-styrene copolymer 25852-37-3P, Butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (redispersible polymer powders for cement and mortar admixts.) L37 ANSWER 2 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:56794 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:119698 TITLE: Cement dispersants containing (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains Takeda, Takeshi; Aoyama, Masahiro; Atsuji, Minoru INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------------JP 2001019512 A2 20010123 JP 1999-187373 19990701 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-187373 Cement dispersants comprise copolymers from monomers including .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carboxylic acids or their alkali salts and (meth)acrylamide having alkylene oxide side chains. The dispersants (e.g., acrylic acid-polyethylene glycol N-methylolacrylamide monoether copolymer) prevent slump loss of cement compns. and show good water-reducing ability. 321546-66-1 321546-67-2 321546-68-3 IT321546-69-4 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (cement dispersants contg. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) 321546-66-1 CAPLUS RN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with .alpha.-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]methyl]-CN.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 321546-65-0 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C4 H7 N O2

CCI PMS

Page 9Mitchell344

HO
$$CH_2$$
 CH_2 OH_2 OH_2 OH_2 OH_3 OH_4 OH_4 OH_4 OH_4 OH_5 OH_4 OH_4 OH_4 OH_5 OH_4 OH_5 OH_5 OH_6 OH_6

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 321546-67-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and .alpha.-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]methyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 321546-65-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C4 H7 N O2

CCI PMS

HO
$$CH_2$$
 CH_2 OH_2 OH_2 OH_2 OH_2 OH_3 OH_4 OH_4 OH_5 OH_5

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & | | \\
 & NH-C-CH \longrightarrow CH_2 \\
 & | \\
 & Me-C-CH_2-SO_3H \\
 & | \\
 & Me
\end{array}$$

Page 10Mitchell344

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 321546-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with oxirane and .alpha.-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]methyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 321546-65-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C4 H7 N O2

CCI PMS

но
$$CH_2 - CH_2 - O$$
 $CH_2 - NH - C - CH = CH_2$

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CM 3

CRN 75-21-8 CMF C2 H4 O



Page 11Mitchell344

RN 321546-69-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-, polymer with oxirane and .alpha.-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]methyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 321546-65-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C4 H7 N O2

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 75-21-8 CMF C2 H4 O



IC ICM C04B024-26

ICS C04B024-26; B01F017-22; C08F290-06; C04B103-40

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST polyethylene glycol methylolacrylamide polymer cement dispersant; slump loss prevention cement acrylic polyoxyalkylene; acrylate ethoxylated methacrylamide copolymer

cement dispersant; water reducing dispersant acrylic polyoxyalkylene cement IT Polyoxyalkylenes, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (acrylic, graft; cement dispersants contq. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) Cement (construction material) TΤ Dispersing agents (cement dispersants contg. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) IT Cement (construction material) (portland; cement dispersants contg. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) Concrete modifiers IT (water-reducing agents; cement dispersants contg. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) 321546-66-1 321546-67-2 321546-68-3 321546-69-4 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (cement dispersants contg. (meth)acrylamide polymers having alkylene oxide chains for slump loss prevention and water-reducing) L37 ANSWER 3 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:631773 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:226740 TITLE: Organic amine salt antifoamers for cement compositions INVENTOR(S): Okada, Toshihiro; Noda, Yasushi Lion Corp., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. A2 19990303 JP 2000247704 20000912 JP 1999-55398 JP 1999-55398 19990303 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:226740 Salts of org. amines having C6-24 alkyl or alkenyl groups that may contain amide bonds and may be substituted with OH or halogens are claimed as antifoamers for cement compns. The agents may be salts of the above stated org. amines with acidic group-contg. polymers. The antifoamers may be used as a mixt. with aq. admixt. solns. 291525-05-8 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(org. amine salts for cement defoamers)

Page 13Mitchell344

RN 291525-05-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and .alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), graft, compd. with N,N-dimethyl-1-dodecanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 112-18-5 CMF C14 H31 N

 Me_2N^- (CH₂)₁₁ $^-$ Me

CM 2

CRN 291525-04-7

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 26915-72-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2

CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel & \\ \text{Me} - \text{C} - \text{C} - & \boxed{ } & \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \boxed{ } \\ \end{array} \\ \text{OMe}$$

CM 4

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CH₂ || Me-C-CO₂H

IC ICM C04B024-12

ICS C04B024-26; C04B103-50

CC 58-1 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) Section cross-reference(s): 46

ST cement antifoamer alkylamine salt; alkenylamine salt cement defoamer

IT Amines, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coco alkyldimethyl, salts, with methacrylic acid-methoxypolyethylene glycol methacrylate copolymer; org. amine salts for cement defoamers)

IT Antifoaming agents

Cement (construction material)

(org. amine salts for cement defoamers)

IT Amines, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(salts; org. amine salts for cement defoamers)

IT 1920-05-4 2016-48-0 72846-42-5 111740-39-7D, salts with cocoalkyl di-Me amines 291524-98-6 291524-99-7 291525-00-3 291525-01-4 291525-03-6 **291525-05-8**

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (org. amine salts for cement defoamers)

L37 ANSWER 4 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:530862 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:189754

TITLE: Dental paste-type glass ionomer cement

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Nakaseko, Hisashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G-C Dental Industrial Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11228327	A2	19990824	JP 1998-51264	19980218
US 6214101	B1	20010410	US 1999-244638	19990204
IT 1308184 '	B1	20011207	IT 1999-MI287	19990212

DE 19906834 A1 19990819 DE 1999-19906834 19990218 GB 2334527 A1 19990825 GB 1999-3750 19990218 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-51264 A 19980218

The compns. comprise 1st pastes contg. .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carboxylic acid polymers, H2O, and fillers inert to the polymers and 2nd pastes contg. fluoroaluminosilicate glass powders and acid group-free monomers. The 1st and/or 2nd pastes contain polymn. catalysts. The pastes give cured products of uniform property by simple mixing. First paste contg. acrylic acid-maleic acid copolymer 42, H2O 42, silane-treated siliceous sand powder 11, and Na benzenesulfinate 5 wt.% and 2nd paste contg. silane-treated fluoroaluminosilicate glass powder 73, hydroxyethyl methacrylate 15, 2-hydroxy-1-acryloyloxy-3-methacryloyloxypropane 4, di-2-methacryloyloxyethyl 2,2,4-triethylhexamethylenedicarbamate 4, and glycidyl methacrylate 4 wt.% were mixed to give a cured product showing bending strength 71 MPa and compressive strength 166 MPa. The processable time of the paste was 2 min 25 s.

IT 240122-52-5P 240122-53-6P 240122-55-8P 240122-57-0P 240122-58-1P 240122-59-2P 240122-62-7P

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compns.)

RN 240122-52-5 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ -\text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1709-71-3 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$ $^{\rm Me-}$ $^{\rm C-}$ $^{\rm C-}$ $^{\rm O-}$ $^{\rm CH_2-}$ $^{\rm CH_2-}$ $^{\rm OH}$

CM 4

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

$$\overset{\text{O}}{ \smile} \overset{\text{O}}{ \smile} \overset{\text{CH}_2}{ \smile} \overset{\text{O}}{ \smile} \overset{\text{CH}_2}{ \smile}$$

RN 240122-53-6 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8, Page 17Mitchell344

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 1985-51-9 CMF C13 H20 O4

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

RN 240122-55-8 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-hydroxy-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 18Mitchell344

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & {\rm O} & {\rm CH_2} \\ & || & || \\ --{\rm CH_2}-{\rm CH_2}-{\rm O}-{\rm C}-{\rm C}-{\rm Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1709-71-3 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 O $^{\rm H_2C}$ $^{$

RN 240122-57-0 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 19Mitchell344

CRN 240122-56-9 CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 2

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

PAGE 1-B

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

RN 240122-58-1 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), 1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 20Mitchell344

CM 1

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 1985-51-9 CMF C13 H20 O4

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 4

Page 21Mitchell344

CRN 109-16-0 CMF C14 H22 O6

RN 240122-59-2 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 1-methyl-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & {\rm O} & {\rm CH_2} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ -{\rm CH_2} - {\rm CH_2} - {\rm O} - {\rm C} - {\rm C} - {\rm Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 1709-71-3 CMF C10 H14 O5

CM 3

CRN 1189-08-8 CMF C12 H18 O4

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 O $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ $^{\rm CH_2}$ OH

RN 240122-62-7 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 4,4,6-triethyl-16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 1,6-hexanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 240122-51-4 CMF C26 H44 N2 O8

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ & -\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 6606-59-3 CMF C14 H22 O4

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

IT 26099-09-2, Poly(maleic acid) 29132-58-9, Acrylic

acid-maleic acid copolymer

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compns.)

RN 26099-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 110-16-7

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

```
Page 24Mitchell344
RN
     29132-58-9 CAPLUS
CN
     2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 110-16-7
     CMF C4 H4 O4
Double bond geometry as shown.
         CO2H
     CM
          2
     CRN 79-10-7
     CMF C3 H4 O2
HO-C-CH=CH_2
     ICM A61K006-06
IC
     ICS A61K006-08
CC
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
st
     dental paste fluoroaluminosilicate glass ionomer cement
    Dental materials and appliances
IT
        (cements; dental paste-type glass ionomer cement
        compns.)
IT
    Ionomers
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compns.)
    Aluminosilicate glasses
IT
    Aluminosilicate glasses
     Fluoride glasses
     Fluoride glasses
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (fluoroaluminosilicate; dental paste-type glass ionomer cement
        compns.)
     240122-52-5P 240122-53-6P
                                 240122-54-7P
IT
     240122-55-8P 240122-57-0P 240122-58-1P
```

240122-61-6P 240122-62-7P

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic

240122-59-2P

240122-60-5P

```
preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compns.)
IT
    9003-01-4, Poly(acrylic acid)
                                  25948-33-8, Acrylic acid-itaconic acid
     copolymer 26099-09-2, Poly(maleic acid) 29132-58-9,
    Acrylic acid-maleic acid copolymer
    RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);
    BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (dental paste-type glass ionomer cement compns.)
L37 ANSWER 5 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:420816 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       131:91492
TITLE:
                      Polymer-containing cement paste
                    compositions
INVENTOR(S):
                        Ito, Atsushi; Morita, Hiroshi; Maeda, Kenichiro;
                        Kitta, Kazuomi; Sakurai, Hideaki; Sakiguchi, Makoto
                        Lion Corp., Japan; Onoda K. K.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                                        -----
    JP 11180751
                    A2 19990706
                                       JP 1997-349806 19971218
                                      JP 1997-349806
                                                         19971218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    The cement paste compns. contain slag-type inorg.
    powder having av. particle size 0.1-10 .mu.m and a polymer emulsion having
    av. particle size 30-200 nm, which is prepd. by emulsion polymg. monomer
    mixts. contg. (1) unsatd. monomer selected from unsatd. monomer having
    carboxylic group and/or sulfo group and unsatd. monomer from carboxylic
    acid salt and/or sulfonate and (2) (meth)acrylic acid ester. The polymer
    emulsion improves the fluidity, prevents cracking, and enhances strength.
IT
    153344-70-8 229317-71-9 229317-72-0
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (high-fluidity cement paste compns. contg. slag
       powder and)
    153344-70-8 CAPLUS
RN
CN
    2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate,
    2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl
    bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), ethyl 2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-
    propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-
    propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN 15214-89-8
    CMF C7 H13 N O4 S
```

Page 26Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 = \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3290-92-4 CMF C18 H26 O6

. CM 3

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

CM 4

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 5

Page 27Mitchell344

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 229317-71-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

Page 29Mitchell344

2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM · 1

CRN 3290-92-4 CMF C18 H26 O6

CM 2

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

$$^{\rm O}_{\rm HO-CH_2-NH-C-CH}^{\rm CH_2-CH_2}$$

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

```
H<sub>2</sub>C O
    Me-C-C-OMe
```

ICM C04B028-02 IC

ICS C04B018-14; C04B024-26; C04B103-60; C04B111-20

58-1 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) CC Section cross-reference(s): 38

acrylate polymer slag cement paste compn ST

IT Cement (construction material)

(cement paste compns. contg. slag powder and polymer emulsion for improving fluidity and strength)

IT 50657-41-5, Butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate copolymer

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (emulsion; high-fluidity cement paste compns. contg. slag powder and)

153344-70-8 229317-71-9 229317-72-0 IT

> RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (high-fluidity cement paste compns. contg. slag powder and)

7631-86-9, Silica, uses IT

> RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (in cement paste compns. contg. slag powder and polymer emulsion for improving fluidity and strength)

L37 ANSWER 6 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:182483 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:241133

TITLE:

Polymer additives for cement to improve

INVENTOR(S):

Hayashi, Tetsushi; Nagao, Masahiro; Sato, Sumiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------JP 11071149 A2 19990316 JP 1997-229966 19970826 JP 1997-229966 19970826 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

The title additives comprise vinyl alc.-based polymers contg. 0.1-45 mol% structural unit CHR1CHR2(R1, R2 = H or Me; X = COOH). Alternatively, claimed additives comprise above polymers, where X = CH2SO3H, CONHCMe2CH2SO3H, CH2OH, CH2CH2OH, CH2OCH2CH(OH)CH2OH, CONH2, CONMe2, CH2NEt3Cl, or CONH(CH2)3NMe3Cl. Thus, copolymer comprising 4.4 mol%

methacrylic acid unit and 95.6 mol% vinyl acetate unit was sapond. to give modified poly(vinyl alc.) with sapon. 99.6 mol%. An aq. soln. contg. 10% resulting modified poly(vinyl alc.) 300, cement 3000, 20% aq. soln. of superplasticizer 75, and water 570 g were mixed, shaped and cured at 20.degree. to give a concrete having compressive strength at 7 and 28 days 56 and 70 N/mm2, resp., vs. 35 and 45 N/mm2 without addn. of the above additive.

IT 79020-07-8D, sapond.

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (vinyl alc.-based polymer additives for cement to improve
 strength)

RN 79020-07-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

 $Aco-CH=CH_2$

IC ICM C04B024-26 ICS C04B103-60

CC 58-1 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST additive cement modified polyvinyl alc

IT Cement (construction material)

(vinyl alc.-based polymer additives for cement to improve strength)

IT 24980-63-0D, Methacrylic acid-vinyl acetate copolymer, sapond.

79020-07-8D, sapond. 83293-28-1D, sapond. 194421-47-1D, sapond.

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (vinyl alc.-based polymer additives for **cement** to improve strength)

L37 ANSWER 7 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:21701 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:99461

TITLE: Additives for hydraulic compositions,

preparation of the additives, and cement compositions containing the additives

INVENTOR(S):
Tahara, Hideyuki; Ito, Hiroshi; Mori, Yasuhiro;

Mizushima, Makoto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S., 47 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 498,704,

abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 5854318	A	19981229	US 1996-759435 19961205
US 5476885	A	19951219	US 1991-668513 19910325
PRIORITY APPLN. I	NFO.:		JP 1989-190656 19890725
			JP 1989-262242 19891009
			JP 1989-297455 19891117
			US 1991-668513 19910325
			US 1995-498704 19950703
			JP 1998-228313 19980905
			JP 1989-228313 19890905
			WO 1990-JP946 19900723

The hydraulic compns. comprise a hydraulic material, water, and AB an additive comprising a crosslinked polymer in which, between main chains having water-sol. polymer structure of wt.-av. mol. wt. 500-100,000, a bond having as a structural unit .gtoreq.1 divalent groups having general formula R1CO2R2 [independently, R1, R2 is selected from CH2, CH(R) p-Ph, CR(R1), and CH2CH(OH), with the proviso that R1 is not required if R2 is CH2CH(OH) (independently, R, R1 = C1-5-alkyl)], and in which the main chains comprise .gtoreq.1 members selected from CO2M, CO2(R5O)mSO3M, CONHR7SO3M, (CH2)nSO3M, and p-Ph-SO3M (m = 0 or integral no. of 1-50; n = 00 or 1; M is .qtoreq.1 selected from H, mono-, di-, or trivalent metal, NH4, and org. amine; independently, R1, R6 = C2-4-alkylene; R7 = C1-5-alkylene; with the proviso that when m .gtoreq.2, many of R5O may be the same or different, and, when many of R5O are different from one another, their arrangement may be regular or irregular), and in which the crosslinked polymer is capable of forming a water-sol. polymer by cleavage of the divalent group in an alk. medium. The additive are prepd. by obtaining a crosslinked polymer by a polymg. a monomer contg. .gtoreq.2

```
polymerizable double bonds and has as structural unit .gtoreq.1 divalent
groups as above, with a monomer having one polymerizable double bond
capable of copolymg. with the double bonds and capable to form a main
chain structure capable of leading to a water-sol. polymer as above. Into
a reactor, contq. N-stirred boiling water 164.2 were introduced a soln.
contg. NK-ester M-9G (methoxypolyethylene glycol monomethacrylate; av.
added ethylene oxide mole no. is 9) 62.9, methacrylic acid 16.7, and water
125.5, and, in addn., 2.5% aq. (NH4)S2O8 soln. 24.6 wt. parts over 4 h.
Then, 6.1 wt. parts 2.5% aq. (NH4)S208 soln. were added over 1 h, and the
mixt. was maintained at the b.p. for 1 h to complete the polymn. reaction,
whereby a water-sol. polymer was obtained. To this polymer were added 3.2
wt. parts Denacol EX-721 (o-phthalic acid diglycidyl ester) and the mixt.
maintained at the b.p. for 3 h, and neutralized with aq. NaOH to obtain a
hydrophilic resin. A concrete mix contg. portland
cement 320, water 173, fine aggregate (sand) 934, and coarse
aggregate (crushed stone) 876 kg/m3, and 0.12 wt.% hydrophilic resin as
above had initial, and 60-, 90, and 120-min slump an air content 17.7 and
4.9, 19.3 and 5.2, 18.5 and 5.1, and 17.8 cm and 4.8%, and 28-day
condensation strength 352 kg/cm2 and begining and ending setting time 5:25
and 7 h and 18 min, vs. 18.2 and 4.8, 16.8 and 4.9, 14.2 and 4.6, and 10.4
and 4.2, and 338 and 5:24 and 7:19, resp.
218956-51-5P 218956-53-7P 218956-55-9P
218956-57-1P 218956-59-3P 218956-61-7P
218956-63-9P 218956-65-1P 218957-11-0P
218957-19-8P 218957-20-1P 218957-24-5P
219320-31-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
   (dispersant, manuf. of; for concrete, for slump loss
   prevention)
218956-51-5 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with
2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and
2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CM
     1
    137112-29-9
CRN
     (C14 H14 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2)x
CMF
CCI PMS
     CM
          2 .
     CRN 15214-89-8
     CMF C7 H13 N O4 S
```

RN

Page 34Mitchell344

a;

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \cdot \quad \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 7195-45-1 CMF C14 H14 O6

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 218956-53-7 CAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137112-30-2

CMF (C12 H18 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 35Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 2754-17-8 CMF C12 H18 O6

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 218956-55-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137112-31-3

CMF (C14 H14 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C6 H10 O3 . C4 H6 O2) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 36Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ = \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 7195-45-1 CMF C14 H14 O6

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 218956-57-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2,2'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(oxymethylene)]bis[oxirane], 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-

propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 218956-56-0

CMF (C8 H14 O4 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C6 H10 O3 . C4 H6 O2) \times

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 2224-15-9 CMF C8 H14 O4

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 O $^{\rm H_2C}$ $^{$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

Page 38Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 218956-59-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137112-33-5

CMF (C14 H14 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C3 H4 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ | | \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 7195-45-1 CMF C14 H14 O6

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 Page 39Mitchell344

RN 218956-61-7 CAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137112-34-6

CMF (C12 H18 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C3 H4 O2) \times

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 2754-17-8 CMF C12 H18 O6

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 218956-63-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and .alpha.-(oxiranylmethyl)-.omega.-(oxiranylmethoxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137323-93-4

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O) n C6 H10 O3) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 26403-72-5

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C6 H10 O3

CCI PMS

$$. \overset{\text{O}}{\longleftarrow} \mathtt{CH_2} - \mathtt{O} \overset{\text{C}}{\longleftarrow} \mathtt{CH_2} - \mathtt{CH_2} - \mathtt{O} \overset{\text{O}}{\longrightarrow} \mathtt{CH_2} \overset{\text{O}}{\longleftarrow}$$

CM 3

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2 Page 41Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 218956-65-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 137112-35-7

CMF (C14 H14 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2)x CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 26915-72-0 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2 CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me} - \text{C} - \text{C} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} & | \\ | \\ | \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 7195-45-1 CMF C14 H14 O6 Page 42Mitchell344

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 218957-11-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis(oxiranylmethyl) ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, .alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and sodium 2-methyl-2-propenoate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 218957-10-9

CMF (C14 H14 O6 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2 . Na)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 26915-72-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2

CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me}-C-C & \boxed{ O-CH_2-CH_2- \\ n \end{array} \\ \text{OMe}$$

CM 3

CRN 15214-89-8

Page 43Mitchell344

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 7195-45-1 CMF C14 H14 O6

CM 5

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

Na

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2 Page 44Mitchell344

RN 218957-19-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(oxiranylmethoxy)-, oxiranylmethyl ester, polymer with N-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide and 2-propenoic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 218957-18-7

CMF (C13 H14 O5 . C8 H16 N2 O . C3 H4 O2) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 13081-44-2 CMF C8 H16 N2 O

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{Me}_2 \text{N} - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{NH} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 7042-93-5 CMF C13 H14 O5

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 Page 45Mitchell344

RN 218957-20-1 CAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis[2,2-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl] ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, .alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and sodium 2-methyl-2-propenoate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 219503-14-7

CMF (C22 H34 O8 . C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2 . Na)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 45302-29-2 CMF C22 H34 O8

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CH₂

CM 3

CRN 26915-72-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2

CCI PMS

Page 46Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_2C & O \\ \parallel & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & C-C & -CH_2-CH_2 & -\frac{1}{n} \end{array} \text{OMe}$$

CM 4

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ \parallel \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

Na

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 218957-24-5 CAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, bis[2,2-dimethyl-3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl] ester,

KOROMA EIC1700

Page 47Mitchell344

polymer with N-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide,
.alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2ethanediyl), 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and sodium 2-methyl-2-propenoate,
sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 219503-27-2

CMF (C22 H34 O8 . C8 H16 N2 O . C4 H6 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2 . Na)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 45302-29-2 CMF C22 H34 O8

PAGE 1-B

- CH= CH₂

CM 3

CRN 26915-72-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2

CCI PMS

$$H_2^C$$
 O H_2^C O H_2^C O H_2^C OMe

CM 4

CRN 13081-44-2 CMF C8 H16 N2 O Page 48Mitchell344

CM 5

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 219320-31-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with N-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2methyl-2-propenamide, .alpha.-[2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2propenyl)oxy]propyl]-.omega.-[2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2propenyl)oxy]propoxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2propenyl)-.omega.-methoxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) and sodium
2-methyl-2-propenoate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 219320-30-6

CMF (C8 H16 N2 O . C4 H6 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n C14 H22 O7 . (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2 . Na)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

Page 49Mitchell344

CRN 79134-44-4

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C14 H22 O7

CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 3

CRN 26915-72-0

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C5 H8 O2

CCI PMS

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{H_2C} & \mathbf{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \mathsf{Me-C-C} & -\mathbf{CH_2-CH_2} - \mathbf{J_n} \end{array} \\ \mathsf{OMe}$$

CM 4

CRN 13081-44-2 CMF C8 H16 N2 O

CM 5

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na Page 50Mitchell344

 $^{\mathrm{CH_2}}_{||}$ Me-C-CO₂H

Na

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

СН₂ || ме-с-со₂н

IC ICM C08K003-00

ICS C04B028-00; C08F220-00

NCL 524005000

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST copolymer dispersant cement concrete; NK ester M 9G
23G methacrylic acid copolymer; hydroxyethyl methacrylate copolymer;
crosslinking agent Denacol EX acrylic copolymer; acrylic copolymer sodium
salt dispersant; ethylene oxide propylene oxide copolymer; Blenmer 70PEP
350B copolymer; methoxypolyethyleneglycol methacrylate copolymer; Denacol
EX 202 611 701 721 810 841 861; acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonic acid
copolymer; sulfoethylmethacrylate acrylic acid copolymer;
sulfopropoxyethyleneglycol acrylate copolymer; Kayarad R 526 Manda HX 202
copolymer; formaldehyde naphthalenesulfonate dispersant; lignosulfonic
acid sodium salt dispersant; dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate copolymer;
polyethyleneoxide monoallyl ether copolymer; maleic acid copolymer Denacol
830; ethyleneimnine ethylene copolymer; styrenesulfonate olefin copolymer;
vinylsulfonic acid copolymer; diethylaminoethylmethacrylamide copolymer;
DA 721 sulfoethylmethacrylate copolymer; DM 832 copolymer dispersant

IT Epoxy resins, preparation

Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(acrylic, dispersants, manuf. of; for concrete, for slump loss prevention)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation

Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(acrylic-epoxy, dispersants, manuf. of; for concrete, for slump loss prevention)

IT Epoxy resins, preparation

Epoxy resins, preparation Epoxy resins, preparation

218956-61-7P 218956-63-9P 218956-65-1P 218956-69-5P 218956-71-9P 218956-73-1P 218956-75-3P 218956-67-3P 218956-79-7P 218956-82-2P 218956-83-3P 218956-78-6P 218956-77-5P 218956-89-9P, Denacol EX-202-polyethyleneglycol monoallyl ether-sodium methacrylate copolymer 218956-91-3P, Denacol EX-830-polyethyleneglycol 218956-97-9P monoallyl ether-sodium methacrylate copolymer

Page 52Mitchell344

218957-02-9P 218957-05-2P 218957-08-5P 218957-11-0P

218957-14-3P 218957-17-6P 218957-19-8P 218957-20-1P

218957-22-3P **218957-24-5P** 218957-26-7P 218957-28-9P 219316-95-7P **219320-31-7P** 219320-37-3P 219320-39-5P

219320-40-8P 219478-34-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (dispersant, manuf. of; for concrete, for slump loss prevention)

9008-63-3, Formaldehyde-sodium .IT 8061-51-6, Sodium lignosulfonate naphthalenesulfonate copolymer

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(dispersants contg. crosslinked acrylic polymers and; for

concrete, for slump loss prevention)

REFERENCE COUNT: 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L37 ANSWER 8 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:585988 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:192658

TITLE: The use of copolymers containing ethylenically

> unsaturated monocarboxylic acids, their hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers, as additives in mineral

building material compositions, and the

building materials obtained

Pakusch, Joachim; Angel, Maximilian; Claassen, Peter; INVENTOR(S):

Dragon, Andree

BASF A.-G., Germany PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Ger. Offen., 10 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----_____ DE 19807909 A1 19980827 DE 1998-19807909 19980225 DE 1997-19707747 19970226 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

The copolymers contain .gtoreq.1 ethylenically unsatd. C3-6-monocarboxylic acids or their salts 40.5-49.5, .gtoreq.1 hydroxyalkyl esters of ethylenically unsatd. C3-6-monocarboxylic acids 50.5-59.5, and addnl. monomers .ltoreq.9 mol.%, and have wt.-av. mol. wt. 20,000-70,000 and nonuniformity ratio 3-10. The binder of the mineral building materials may contain 70 wt.% cement.

IT 119280-02-3

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (as additive to cementitious compns. for workability)

119280-02-3 CAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-hydroxypropyl 2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 999-61-1 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{OH} & \text{O} \\ | & || \\ \text{Me-CH-CH}_2\text{-O-C-CH} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

IC ICM C04B024-26 ICS C08F220-28

ICI C08F220-28, C08F220-06; C08F222-02, C08F210-00, C08F212-00, C08F218-04, C08F220-18, C08F222-10, C08F220-42, C08F220-54, C08F222-04, C08F226-06

CC 58-3 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST unsatd monocarboxylic acid copolymer; hydroxyalkyl ester copolymer cement binder; acrylic acid hydroxyethylmethacrylate copolymer; hydroxypropylacrylate copolymer; acrylamido methylpropanesulfonic acid copolymer

(aluminous, compns. contg.; copolymers of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers as additive for workability in)

. []

IT Antifoaming agents (cementitious c

(cementitious compns. contg.; copolymers of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers as additive for workability in)

IT Cement (construction material)

(compns. contg.; copolymers of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers as additive for workability in)

IT Carboxylic acids, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (unsatd., esters, polymers with unsatd. monocarboxylic acids; as
 additives to cementitious compns. for workability)

IT Carboxylic acids, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (unsatd., polymers, with esters of unsatd. monocarboxylic acids; as
 additives to cementitious compns. for workability)

IT 27175-46-8, Acrylic acid-2-hydroxyethylmethacrylate copolymer 80675-35-0
105523-91-9, 2-Hydroxyethylmethacrylate-sodium acrylate copolymer
119280-02-3 211690-63-0

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (as additive to cementitious compns. for
 workability)

IT 9004-32-4, CMC

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(cementitious compns. contg.; copolymers of unsatd.
carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers as additive for workability in)

IT 87-69-4, uses 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, uses 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(cementitious compns. contg.; copolymers of unsatd.
carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters of unsatd. carboxylic acids with hydroxyalkyl esters, and other monomers as additive for workability in)

L37 ANSWER 9 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:28722 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:131520

TITLE:

Admixtures for concrete and their use, and method for dispersing cement with, and concrete containing, the admixtures

concrete containing, the admixtures

INVENTOR(S):

Satoh, Haruyuki; Yamato, Fujio; Kono, Yoshinao;

Nakamura, Sayuri

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kao Corp., Japan; Satoh, Haruyuki; Yamato, Fujio;

Kono, Yoshinao; Nakamura, Sayuri

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

```
KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                    -----
    WO 9748656
                       19971224
                                   WO 1997-JP2095 19970618
                  A1
       W: CN, US, VN
       RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                      19980331 JP 1997-150709 19970609
    JP 10081549
                  A2
    TW 379208
                  В
                       20000111
                                   TW 1997-86108064 19970611
                               EP 1997-927384 19970618
    EP 846090
                  A1
                       19980610
       R: DE, FR, GB
    US 5911820
                      19990615
                                    US 1998-29031
                                                  19980220
                 A
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                 JP 1996-161287 A 19960621
                                 WO 1997-JP2095 W 19970618
```

AB The admixt. comprise a copolymer comprising, as structural units, units derived from an ethylenically unsatd. monomer (a) contg. 25-300 mols C2-3-oxyalkylene groups, and units derived from a monomer (b) of an alkyl, alkenyl or hydroxyalkyl ester of an ethylenically unsatd. mono- or dicarboxylic acid. The admixts. are effective in imparting fluidity to hydraulic compns., e.g., cement pastes, mortar, and concrete, esp. in maintaining fluidity of the compns., and hardly retard hardening of the compns. A cement compn. contg. 0.27% methoxypolyethylene glycol methacrylate-Me acrylate copolymer telomer with 2-mercaptoethanol gave slump after 120 min 22.5 cm and initial and final setting time 4 h 52 min and 6 h 31 min, vs. 7.0 cm, and 7 h 20 min and 8 h 58 min for a control.

IT 201793-18-2P 201793-20-6P 201793-30-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(dispersant; for concrete)

RN 201793-18-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, monosodium salt, telomer with
.alpha.-[(2Z)-3-carboxy-1-oxo-2-propenyl]-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2ethanediyl), mercaptobutanedioic acid sodium salt and methyl 2-propenoate
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 22275-72-5 CMF C4 H6 O4 S . x Na

SH | HO₂C- CH- CH₂- CO₂H

●x Na

Page 56Mitchell344

CM 2

CRN 201793-17-1

CMF (C4 H6 O2 . C4 H4 O4 . (C2 H4 O)n C4 H4 O4 . Na)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 37916-19-1

CMF (C2 H4 O)n C4 H4 O4

CCI PMS

$$HO_2C-CH=CH-C-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-OH$$

CM 4

CRN 3105-55-3

CMF C4 H4 O4 . Na

Double bond geometry as shown.

Na

CM 5

CRN 96-33-3

CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 201793-20-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, monosodium salt, telomer with mercaptobutanedioic acid sodium salt, methyl 2-propenoate and

KOROMA EIC1700

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Page 57Mitchell344
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.alpha.-2-propenyl-.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 22275-72-5 CMF C4 H6 O4 S . x Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

●x Na

CM 2

CM 3

CRN 27274-31-3 CMF (C2 H4 O)n C3 H6 O CCI PMS

$$HO \longrightarrow CH_2 - CH_2 - O \longrightarrow D$$
 $CH_2 - CH \Longrightarrow CH_2$

CM 4

CRN 3105-55-3 CMF C4 H4 O4 . Na

Double bond geometry as shown.

Page 58Mitchell344

Na

CM 5

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 201793-30-8 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, mercapto-, sodium salt, telomer with methyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid and .alpha.,.alpha.'-[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl]bis[.omega.-hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 22275-72-5 CMF C4 H6 O4 S . x Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{SH} \\ | \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C---} \text{CH----} \text{CH}_2\text{----} \text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

●x Na

CM 2

CRN 201793-29-5 CMF (C4 H6 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C7 H13 N O3)x CCI PMS

CM 3

Page 59Mitchell344

CRN 51601-34-4 CMF (C2 H4 O)n (C2 H4 O)n C7 H13 N O3 CCI PMS

PAGE 1-A

$$CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_2$$

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

IC ICM C04B024-26

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST acrylic polymer telomer concrete slump; cement dispersant acrylic polymer telomer

IT Cement (construction material)

Concrete

(acrylic telomers as dispersants for)

Page 60Mitchell344

Dispersing agents

(acrylic telomers; for concrete)

201793-10-4P 201793-11-5P 201793-12-6P 201793-14-8P 201793-16-0P ΙT

201793-18-2P 201793-20-6P 201793-21-7P 201793-23-9P 201793-24-0P 201793-25-1P 201793-26-2P 201793-30-8P

201872-78-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(dispersant; for concrete)

L37 ANSWER 10 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:667768 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:311473

TITLE: Functionalized polymer for use in dental adhesives

Rheinberger, Volker; Moszner, Norbert; Stelzer, Franz; INVENTOR(S):

Schitter, Regina; Zeuner, Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ivoclar Ag, Liechtenstein SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 796607	A2	19970924	EP 1997-250080	19970317
EP 796607	A3	19971210		
EP 796607	B1	20030212		
R: AT, CH, D	E, FR	, GB, IT, LI, S	E	
DE 19616183	A1	19970925	DE 1996-19616183	19960412
DE 19616183	C2	19990512		
CA 2199567	AA	19970920	CA 1997-2199567	19970310
CA 2199567	C	20030114		
AT 232377	E	20030215	AT 1997-250080	19970317
JP 10030018	A2	19980203	JP 1997-65063	19970318
JP 3106111	B2	20001106		
US 2002143118	A1	20021003	US 1999-377977	19990820
US 6479592	B2	20021112		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		DE	1996-19613017 A	19960320
		DE	1996-19616183 A	19960412
		US	1997-819504 B1	19970317

GI

Ring-contg. polymers I [X = CH2, O; AB = CHCH, C:C; U = CO2H, CO2R3, YP; Y AB = CH2O, C(O)O, C(O)OR1O; P = CH2:CHC(O), CH2:CMeC(O), CH2:CHCH2, CH2:CHC6H4CH2; V = H, CO2H, CH2OH, R3, OR2, C(O)OR2; or UV = C(O)TC(O); T= O, NH, NR3; R1 = (substituted) C1-5 alkylene or oxyalkylene; R2 = (substituted) C1-12 alkyl; R3 = R2, C6-14 aryl], prepd. by ring-opening radical polymn. of unsatd. bicyclo[2.2.1] compds. at room temp., adhere strongly to a variety of substrates, form cements when combined with reactive fillers, and are useful as components of coatings, cements, adhesives, and composites esp. for dental use. Thus, 5-norbornene-2,3-endo/exo-dicarboxylic acid underwent addn. to 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran in the presence of pyridinium tosylate to form bis(tetrahydropyran-2-yl) 5-norbornene-2,3-endo/exo-dicarboxylate (II). II underwent metathetic ring-opening polymn. with 5-norbornene-2-endo/exo-Me methacrylate (prepn. given) in the presence of catalytic amts. of the Mo carbene complex III (prepn. given), followed by cleavage of the tetrahydropyranyl groups with p-toluenesulfonic acid, to form a copolymer of I (X = CH2, AB = CHCH, U = V = CO2H) and I (X = CH2, AB = CHCH, U =CH2:CMeC(0)OCH2, V = H). A dental adhesive contg. this copolymer 18.0, deionized water 32.4, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 44.2, maleic acid 3.0, camphorquinone 0.3, hydroquinone mono-Me ether 0.1, NH4F 1.0, and diphenyliodonium hexafluorophosphate 1.0 wt.% was applied to the dentin surface of extd. teeth, photopolymd., and coated with a com. filling composite (Compoglass) which was also photopolymd. The shear strength of the resulting composite structure was 15.6 MPa.

IT 197304-19-1P 197304-20-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)

RN 197304-19-1 CAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-ylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, (2Z)-2-butenedioic acid and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 36578-43-5 CMF C12 H16 O2 Page 62Mitchell344

CM 2

CRN 3813-52-3 CMF C9 H10 O4

CM 3

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 Z
 CO_2H

RN 197304-20-4 CAPLUS

CN Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid, polymer with bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-en-2-ylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid dianhydride with (2,2,4-trimethyl-1,6-hexanediyl)bis[carbamic acid] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 63Mitchell344

CM 1

CRN 186314-70-5 CMF C19 H30 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 36578-43-5 CMF C12 H16 O2

CM 3

CRN 3813-52-3 CMF C9 H10 O4

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$ $^{\rm Me-C-C-O-CH_2-CH_2-OH}$

```
IC
     ICM A61K006-00
     ICS C08G061-00
CC
    63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
     acrylic polymer dental adhesive; polyacrylate dental adhesive;
ST
    norbornenecarboxylate polymer dental adhesive
    Dental materials and appliances
IT
        (adhesives; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
    Bicyclic compounds
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (alicyclic; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
    Heterocyclic compounds
    Heterocyclic compounds
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (bicyclic, oxa; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
     Alicyclic compounds
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (bicyclic; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
    Dental materials and appliances
        (cements; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
    Dental materials and appliances
        (composites; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
    Adhesives
     Coating materials
       Composites
     Dental materials and appliances
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
     Acrylic polymers, biological studies
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
ΙT
     Bicyclic compounds
     Bicyclic compounds
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (heterocyclic, oxa; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
ΙT
    Polymerization
        (metathetic, ring-opening; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
     Vinyl compounds, biological studies
IT
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polymers; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
    Dental materials and appliances
IT
        (resins; functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
     108945-98-8P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
     USES (Uses)
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
     95-12-5, 2-(Hydroxymethyl)-5-norbornene 106-91-2
                                                          110-87-2,
     3.4-Dihydro-2H-pyran 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride
                                                              3813-52-3,
     5-Norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid 5629-08-3, 7-Oxabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-
     ene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid 98171-13-2 196941-77-2
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RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
                                                197303-93-8P 197304-05-5P
IT
     36578-43-5P 196941-84-1P 197303-91-6P
     197304-08-8P 197304-13-5P 197304-16-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
IT
     197304-19-1P 197304-20-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation);
     USES (Uses)
        (functionalized polymer for dental adhesives)
L37 ANSWER 11 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
                      1997:72163 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        126:94833
                       Dental cement compositions
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S): Yoshikawa, Jun; Tozaki, Satoshi; Hirota, Kazuo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G C Dental Ind Corp, Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                      Patent
                         Japanese .
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
     JP 08301717 A2 19961119 JP 1995-128764 19950501
                                        JP 1995-128764 19950501
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Dental cement compns. with improved adhesive strength
     comprise .alpha.-.beta. unsatd. carboxlic acids, CH2:C(R1)COO [R1 = H or
     Me] group-contg. polymerizable compds. and specified sulfoxide compds.
     with addn. of water, catalysts, and oxide powders.
     185612-09-3P 185612-10-6P 185612-12-8P
IT
     185612-14-0P 185612-15-1P 185612-16-2P
     185612-18-4P 185612-19-5P 185612-20-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (dental cement compns.)
     185612-09-3 CAPLUS
RN
     11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-,
     2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with
     2-(dimethylamino)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl
     di-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN 34100-36-2
     CMF C20 H32 N2 O8
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Page 66Mitchell344

CM 2

CRN 2867-47-2 CMF C8 H15 N O2

CM 3

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 185612-10-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-11,14-dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoate and 2-(methylsulfinyl)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 34100-36-2

Page 67Mitchell344

CMF C20 H32 N2 O8

CM 2

CRN 14794-09-3 CMF C7 H12 O3 S

CM 3

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 185612-12-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 1,6-hexanediylbis[imino(2-methyl-3-oxo-3,1-propanediyl)] bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), (1-methylethylidene)bis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)]

Page 68Mitchell344

bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-methyl-N-[2-(methylthio)ethyl]-2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185612-11-7 CMF C22 H36 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 112065-33-5 CMF C7 H13 N O S

CM 3

CRN 1565-94-2 CMF C29 H36 O8

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

Page 69Mitchell344

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 185612-14-0 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, 1-methyl-2-(methylsulfinyl)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM I

CRN 185612-13-9 CMF C8 H14 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 34100-36-2 CMF C20 H32 N2 O8

CM 3

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4 Page 70Mitchell344

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 185612-15-1 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, 3-(methylsulfinyl)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 146985-33-3 CMF C8 H14 O3 S

CM 2

CRN 34100-36-2 CMF C20 H32 N2 O8

CM 3

CRN 2223-82-7

Page 71Mitchell344

CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 185612-16-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-11,14-dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoate, 2-(methylsulfinyl)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 34100-36-2 CMF C20 H32 N2 O8

CM 2

CRN 14794-09-3 CMF C7 H12 O3 S

CM 3

CRN 10373-78-1 CMF C10 H14 O2

CM 4

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4

$$\mathbf{H}_{2}\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{O} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_{2} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_{2} - \mathbf{O} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_{2}$$

CM 5

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 185612-18-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with N-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]butyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, (1-methylethylidene)bis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185612-17-3

Page 73Mitchell344

CMF C12 H23 N O S

CM 2

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4

$$\mathbf{H}_{2}\mathbf{C} = \underbrace{\mathbf{C}\mathbf{H} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{O} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_{2} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}_{2} - \mathbf{O} - \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{C}\mathbf{H}}_{\mathbf{M}\mathbf{e}} \overset{O}{\parallel}$$

CM 3

CRN 1565-94-2 CMF C29 H36 O8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4 Page 74Mitchell344

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 5

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 185612-19-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with N-[4-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)thio]butyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide, 1,6-hexanediylbis[imino(2-methyl-3-oxo-3,1-propanediyl)] bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), (1-methylethylidene)bis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)] bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate) and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 185612-17-3 CMF C12 H23 N O S

CM 2

CRN 185612-11-7 CMF C22 H36 N2 O6

Page 75Mitchell344

CM 3

CRN 1565-94-2 CMF C29 H36 O8

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CM 4

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 5

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 185612-20-8 CAPLUS

CN 11,14-Dioxa-2,9-diazaheptadec-16-enoic acid, 16-methyl-10,15-dioxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with

Page 76Mitchell344

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate, 2-(methylsulfinyl)ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 34100-36-2 CMF C20 H32 N2 O8

CM 2

CRN 14794-09-3 CMF C7 H12 O3 S

CM 3

CRN 2223-82-7 CMF C11 H16 O4

CM 4

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

```
IC
     ICM A61K006-08
     ICS A61K006-083; C08F299-02; C09J004-06
     63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
ST
     dental cement compn polymer
     Dental materials and appliances
IT
        (cements; dental cement compns.)
IT
     Polymers, biological studies
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (dental cement compns.)
     505-10-2, 3-(Methylthio)propanol 5271-38-5, 2-(Methylthio)ethanol
IT
     185612-21-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (dental cement compns.)
TΨ
     14794-09-3P 146985-33-3P 185612-17-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (dental cement compns.)
     185612-09-3P 185612-10-6P 185612-12-8P
IT
     185612-14-0P 185612-15-1P 185612-16-2P
     185612-18-4P 185612-19-5P 185612-20-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (dental cement compns.)
L37 ANSWER 12 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:724153 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       125:337183
                        Process for, and use of, aqueous polymer dispersions
TITLE:
                         for preserving mineral products, manufacture of the
                         aqueous coating materials dispersions, and the aqueous
                         polymer dispersions obtained
                         Reck, Bernd; Franzmann, Gernot; Bechert, Bertold;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Baecher, Reinhard; Rehmer, Gerd
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Germany SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 23 pp.
                        CODEN: GWXXBX
                      Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                           -----
     DE 19514266 A1 19961017 DE 1995-19514266 19950415
WO 9633143 A1 19961024 WO 1996-EP1481 19960404
         W: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, HU, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI,
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DE 19514266

Al 19961017

DE 1995-19514266 19950415

WO 9633143

Al 19961024

WO 1996-EP1481 19960404

W: AU, BG, BR, CA, CN, CZ, HU, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, UA, US, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

AU 9653993

Al 19961107

AU 1996-53993

Al 19960404

EP 821660

Al 19980204

EP 1996-910954

19960404

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE, SI, FI
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Page 77Mitchell344

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CN 1181750
                      Α
                           19980513
                                         CN 1996-193304
                                                          19960404
    JP 11503710
                      T2
                                         JP 1996-531445
                           19990330
                                                          19960404
                                         US 1997-930576
    US 6306460
                      B1
                           20011023
                                                          19971015
    US 2002007005
                      A1
                           20020117
                                         US 2001-910847
                                                          20010724
    US 6569970
                      B2
                           20030527
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      DE 1995-19514266 A 19950415
                                       WO 1996-EP1481 W 19960404
                                       US 1997-930576 A3 19971015
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:337183

The process comprises coating the mineral products with an aq. dispersion of a polymer, in radically polymd. form, contq. .gtoreq.1 ethylenically unsatd. acids and/or their conjugated bases having general formula CH2:C(R1)C(0)XC(R2)(R3)(CH2)nSO3-Y+(I) [n = 0-2; independently, R1-3 = H or Me; X = H or imino group (NH); Y = H, alkali metal, or NH4]. The ag. dispersions are manufd. by (1) providing a mixt. contg. 10-50 wt. of the total amt. of water to be used, 0-50 wt.% of the total amt. of dispersant to be used, and at least part of the monomers of type I, heating the mixt. to polymn. temp., (2) providing an emulsion contq. the balance of the monomers of type I, the balance of the other monomers, the balance of the dispersant, and 10-50 wt.% of the water to be used, (3) providing a soln. of the polymn. initiator in 10-20 wt.% of the water to be used, adding 1-10 wt.% (each) of the emulsion and the soln. to the heated mixt. and polymq. .qtoreq.80% of the monomers present, and adding the balance of the emulsion and the soln. Films obtained with the aq. polymer dispersions have glass transition temp. >20 to 50.degree. and contain 90-95 wt.% of .gtoreq.1 monomers comprising esters of acrylic acid and methacrylic acid with C1-8-alcs., styrene, .alpha.-methylstyrene, o-chlorostyrene, and vinyltoluene, 0.5-5 wt.% of .gtoreq.1 monomers comprising acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, itaconic acid, their alkali metal and NH4 salts, acrylamide, and methacrylamide, and 0.5-5 wt.% of .gtoreq.1 monomers of type I. Extruded green concrete (sand-cement-water) products spray coated with the emulsions (polymer content 40, antifoaming agent content 5 wt.%) to 120 q/m2, dried in a climate chamber at relative humidity 50% did not show any efflorescence.

IT 58374-69-9P 64112-34-1P 102931-58-8P 105732-26-1P 105732-27-2P 128584-02-1P 135600-67-8P 183793-84-2P 183793-85-3P 183793-86-4P 183793-89-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(efflorescence-resistant coating material; for concrete)

RN 58374-69-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-, monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 79Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

● NH3

RN 64112-34-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} & | \\ | | \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

4				
•				
		145		
	•		7	
				- 1
			*	
*				
<i>1</i> 0				
	•			

Page 80Mitchell344

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

4)

RN 102931-58-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

Na

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

Page 81Mitchell344

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 105732-26-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-----} \text{CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2 Page 82Mitchell344

RN 105732-27-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 97-88-1 CMF C8 H14 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-C-Me} \end{array}$$

CM 4

Page 83Mitchell344

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 128584-02-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \parallel \\ \mathrm{CH_2-O-C-CH} = \mathrm{CH_2} \\ \mid \\ \mathrm{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

Page 84Mitchell344

RN 135600-67-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$

RN 183793-84-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 85Mitchell344

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 183793-85-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na Page 86Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 183793-86-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 87Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 4

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

RN 183793-89-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, polymer with ethenyl acetate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

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Page 88Mitchell344
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CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$AcO-CH=CH_2$$

CM 4

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

$$0 \\ || \\ H_2N-C-CH-CH_2$$

IC ICM C04B041-63

ICS C04B041-83; C09D133-14; C09D133-24

ICA C08F002-24; C08F212-08; C08F220-12; C08F236-04; C08F214-06; C08F214-08; C08F218-04; C08F210-02; C08F220-04; C08F222-02

ICI C08F246-00, C08F220-38, C08F220-58

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

```
Section cross-reference(s): 42
     coating material efflorescence resistant; aq polymer dispersion
ST
     concrete coating; acrylic acid ester polymer dispersion;
    methacrylic acid ester polymer dispersion; styrene ester polymer
     dispersion; methylstyrene ester polymer dispersion; chlorostyrene ester
    polymer dispersion; vinyltoluene ester polymer dispersion; dispersant
    polymer dispersion
\mathbf{IT}
    Ketones, uses
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (C13-15, hydroxy, ethoxylated, esters, dispersants; compns.
        for aq. polymer dispersions for efflorescence-resistant coating
        formation on concrete)
IT
    Concrete
        (aq. polymer dispersions for efflorescence-resistant coating formation
       on)
    Dispersing agents
IT
        (compns. for aq. polymer dispersions for efflorescence-
        resistant coating formation on concrete)
IT
    Coating materials
        (efflorescence-resistant, for concrete)
     7775-27-1, Sodium peroxydisulfate
IT
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (compns. for aq. polymer dispersions for efflorescence-
       resistant coating formation on concrete)
IT
     9081-17-8
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (dispersant; compns. for aq. polymer dispersions for
        efflorescence-resistant coating formation on concrete)
    25852-91-9D, ethers with C13-15-oxo-alcs.
TT
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (dispersants; compns. for aq. polymer dispersions for
        efflorescence-resistant coating formation on concrete)
                                              52556-35-1P 58374-69-9P
IT
    28575-53-3P
                  31165-18-1P
                                 35061-69-9P
     64112-34-1P 102931-58-8P 105732-26-1P
     105732-27-2P 128584-02-1P 135600-67-8P
     183793-84-2P 183793-85-3P 183793-86-4P
     183793-89-7P
                  183793-91-1P 183793-93-3P 183793-95-5P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (efflorescence-resistant coating material; for concrete)
    7582-21-0DP, 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3-sulfopropyl ester, alkali
IT
    metal salts 10595-80-9DP, alkali metal salts 15214-89-8DP, alkali
    metal salts 39121-78-3DP, 2-Propenoic acid, 3-sulfopropyl ester, alkali
    metal salts
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (efflorescence-resistant coating materials; for concrete)
L37 ANSWER 13 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
                       1996:307602 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        124:345510
                        Grout materials for mechanical cable coatings
TITLE:
```

Page 90Mitchell344

INVENTOR(S): Morita, Hiroshi; Ito, Tokuji; Notoya, Kyoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp, Japan; Nippon Kasei Chem

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM: COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08041269	A2	19960213	JP 1994-195910	19940728
JP 2627253	B2	19970702		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1994-195910 19940728

Title materials with good flowability and processability, useful for gap-filling of cables, comprise (a) acrylic micropolymer emulsions with av. particle size 30-200 nm prepd. by emulsion polymn. of .gtoreq.1 unsatd. monomers having carboxylic acid (salts) and/or sulfonic acid (salts) and (meth)acrylic acid esters and (b) water-curable compns.

Thus, portland cement and acrylic emulsion comprising core prepd. from Bu acrylate (I) 79.0, Me methacrylate (II) 20.0, and trimethylolpropane methacrylate (III) 1.0 parts and shell prepd. from I 18.5, methacrylic acid 3.0, II 73.0, III 1.8, 2-acrylamide-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid 1.8, and N-methylolacrylamide 1.8 parts were mixed to give a test piece showing good flowability and tensile strength 69 kg/cm2.

IT 165122-49-6P, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-butyl
 acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-N-methylolacrylamide trimethylolpropane methacrylate copolymer 165122-50-9P,
 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-butyl acrylate-ethyl
 acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-N-methylolacrylamide trimethylolpropane methacrylate copolymer
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material
 use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(acrylic emulsions for cable coatings contg. water curable compns. with good flowability and moldability)

RN 165122-49-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol 2-methyl-2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 91Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ -| \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm O} \\ \parallel \\ {\rm HO-CH_2-NH-C-CH} \end{array} \\ {\rm CH_2} \\$$

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH------} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2 Page 92Mitchell344

CM 6

CRN 39347-37-0

CMF C6 H14 O3 . x C4 H6 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 8

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_2-\operatorname{OH} \\ | \\ \operatorname{HO-CH}_2-\operatorname{C-Et} \\ | \\ \operatorname{CH}_2-\operatorname{OH} \end{array}$$

RN 165122-50-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate,
2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol 2-methyl-2-propenoate, ethyl
2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 93Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 924-42-5

CMF C4 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2

CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 4

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2 Page 94Mitchell344

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 39347-37-0 CMF C6 H14 O3 . x C4 H6 O2

CM 8

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 9

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO-CH}_2-\text{C-Et} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C08L033-00
 ICS C08L033-06; C09D133-06; D07B001-16; E04G021-12
CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
 Section cross-reference(s): 42

Page 95Mitchell344

ST cable coating grout material emulsion; carboxylic acid salt methacrylate emulsion; sulfonic acid salt acrylic micropolymer; water curable cement emulsion coating

IT Cables, mechanical

(acrylic emulsions for cable coatings contg. water curable compns. with good flowability and moldability)

IT Coating materials

(grout; acrylic emulsions for cable coatings contg. water curable compns. with good flowability and moldability)

TT Cement

(portland, acrylic emulsions for cable coatings contg. water curable compns. with good flowability and moldability)

IT 164978-74-9P, Butyl acrylate-methyl methacrylate-trimethylolpropane methacrylate copolymer 165122-49-6P, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-butyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-N-methylolacrylamide-trimethylolpropane methacrylate copolymer 165122-50-9P, 2-Acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid-butyl acrylate-ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate-N-methylolacrylamide-trimethylolpropane methacrylate copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(acrylic emulsions for cable coatings contg. water curable compns. with good flowability and moldability)

L37 ANSWER 14 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:680718 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:64048

TITLE: Compositions of precast cement

mixtures for construction

INVENTOR(S): Yamaguchi, Susumu; Takebishi, Kunio; Ito, Tokuji;

Morita, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp, Japan; Odakyu Kensetsu Kk

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07048161	A 2	19950221	JP 1993-200062	19930719
JP 2585959	B2	19970226		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-200062 19930719

AB The mixts. contains an inorg. hydraulic material 100, siliceous additives 3-12, micro polymer emulsion having av. particle diam 20-1000 nm 0.5-5 (solid base), fine aggregates 80-220, arom. aminosulfonate water reducing agent 0.25-1.8 (solid base), pigment 0-5, and water 25-35 wt. parts. The polymer is preferably an acrylic polymer, which may be crosslinked.

IT 165122-49-6 165122-50-9

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

Page 96Mitchell344

(compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

RN 165122-49-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol 2-methyl-2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 4

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2 Page 97Mitchell344

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 39347-37-0 CMF C6 H14 O3 . x C4 H6 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 8

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{HO-CH}_2-\text{C-Et} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{OH} \end{array}$$

RN 165122-50-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol 2-methyl-2-propenoate, ethyl

Page 98Mitchell344

2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

$$0 \\ || \\ HO-CH_2-NH-C-CH- CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{n-BuO-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2 Page 99Mitchell344

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM · 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 7

CRN 39347-37-0

CMF C6 H14 O3 . \times C4 H6 O2

CM 8

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

CM 9

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

```
_{\rm HO-CH_2-OH}^{\rm CH_2-OH}
_{\rm HO-CH_2-C-Et}^{\rm CH_2-OH}
```

IC ICM C04B028-04

ICS C04B024-22; C04B024-26; E04C002-04

ICI C04B028-04, C04B022-06, C04B024-26, C04B024-22, C04B111-27

CC 58-4 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST precast cement acrylic polymer emulsion

IT Building materials

Cement

(compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

IT Sulfonic acids, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (sodium salts, compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

IT 1337-33-3, Stearyl citrate 7757-82-6, Sulfuric acid disodium salt, uses 164978-74-9 165122-49-6 165122-50-9

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

IT 79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (esters; compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (fume; compns. of precast cement mixts. for
 construction)

IT 9016-45-9

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (surfactants; compns. of precast cement mixts. for construction)

L37 ANSWER 15 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:374880 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:140796

TITLE:

Setting retardant for cement-containing

mixes

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rodrigues, Klein A. Halliburton Co., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

. 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
EP 633390	A1	19950111	EP 1994-304841 1994070
EP 633390	B1	19990915	
R: DE, FR,	GB, IT	, NL	
NO 9402497	A	19950102	NO 1994-2497 1994070
CA 2127346	AA	19950102	CA 1994-2127346 1994070
CA 2127346	C	20030513	
US 5536311	Α	19960716	US 1995-510293 1995080
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	.:		US 1993-86403 A 19930703
			US 1992-955604 B2 1992100
			US 1994-289834 B1 1994081:

AB A setting retardant for a hydraulic cement compn. comprises a polymer formed from two or three different monomers. monomer is a compd. of formula (R1)R2C:CR3(R4) wherein R1 is a H or CH3; R2 is H or COOH; R3 is H or COOH; and R4 is H, COOH or CH2COOH; provided that when R1 is H and R2 is COOH, R3 and R4 are different and are either H or COOH; when R1 and R2 are both H, R3 is COOH and R4 is CH2COOH; and when R1 is CH3, R2 is COOH and R3 and R4 are different and are either H or COOH; the 2nd monomer-forming compd. is 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropane sulfonic acid, sodium methylyl sulfonate, sodium p-vinyl benzene sulfonate, acrylamide, N,N-dimethylacrylamide, vinyl sulfonic acid, acrylonitrile, 1-vinyl-2-pyrrolidone, vinyl phosphonic acid, diallyldimethylammonium chloride, diethylaminoethyl methacrylate, dimethylaminoethyl acrylate Me chloride, methacrylamido propyltrimethyl ammonium chloride, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl methacrylate, or 2-triethylammoniummethyl methacrylate chloride; and the 3rd monomer-forming compds.

IT 69952-29-0P 79996-03-5P 106173-71-1P 115426-14-7P 115426-15-8P 161122-59-4P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(setting retardant for cement-contg. mixes)

RN 69952-29-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with ethenyl acetate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CFINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$O \\ | | \\ NH-C-CH == CH_2 \\ | \\ Me-C-CH_2-SO_3H \\ | \\ Me$$

Page 102Mitchell344

CM 2

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 3

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$AcO-CH$$
 CH_2

RN 79996-03-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 3

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 106173-71-1 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, methylene-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 97-65-4 CMF C5 H6 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

CM 3

Page 104Mitchell344

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 115426-14-7 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, methylene-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 97-65-4 CMF C5 H6 O4

$$^{\text{CH}_2}_{\parallel}$$
 $_{\text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{ C}-\text{ CH}_2-\text{ CO}_2\text{H}}^{\text{CH}_2}$

CM 3

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

KOROMA EIC1700

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Page 105Mitchell344
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RN 115426-15-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$HO_2C$$
 Z
 CO_2H

CM 3

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

RN 161122-59-4 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, methylene-, polymer with ethenyl acetate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

KOROMA EIC1700

Page 106Mitchell344

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$AcO-CH=CH_2$$

CM 3

CRN 97-65-4 CMF C5 H6 O4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{HO}_2\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

IC ICM E21B033-13

ICS C04B024-26; C04B024-16

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST polymeric setting retardant cement mix

IT Cement

(polymeric setting retardant for cement-contg. mixes)

IT Concrete

(polymeric setting retardant for concrete mixes)

IT Mortar

(polymeric setting retardant for mortar mixes)

IT 69952-29-0P 79996-03-5P 106173-71-1P

115426-14-7P 115426-15-8P 161122-59-4P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(setting retardant for cement-contg. mixes)

L37 ANSWER 16 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:95346 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:33292

TITLE:

Soil injection agents and injection process

INVENTOR(S):

Iijima, Shigeru; Shimomura, Tadaaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dai Ichi Kogyo Seiyaku Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

-----JP 1992-275230 19920917

JP 06184535

19940705 A2

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1992-275230

19920917

The injection agents contain acrylic polymers with intrinsic viscosity (.eta.) 0.1-2.0 dL/g and optionally org. dispersing agents and are blended as builders with inorg. soil-stabilizing agents and injected into ground. Thus, an aq. mixt. of cement 450, bentonite 50, and polymethacrylamide (.eta. 0.55) 0.9 part showed bleeding (JSCE-1986) 2.0% after 20 h and viscosity (JSCE-1986) 10.0 s initially, 11.2 after 1 h, and 16.6 after 2 h.

38193-60-1 53845-61-7 87431-09-2 IT

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

RN 38193-60-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-, monosodium

salt, polymer with 2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH-CH_2} \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH_2-SO_3H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM

Page 108Mitchell344

CRN 79-06-1 CMF C3 H5 N O

4,

RN 53845-61-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-, monosodium salt, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

• Na

CM 2

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{NH}_2 \end{array}$$

RN 87431-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$^{\rm H_2C}_{\parallel}$$
 $^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$ $^{\rm Me-C-C-OMe}$

IC ICM C09K017-00

ICS E02D003-12

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
 Section cross-reference(s): 58

ST cement builder acrylic polymer antibleeding; polymethacrylamide cement soil stabilization

IT Clays, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (SAM; soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

IT Cement

Soil stabilization

(soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

IT Bentonite, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

IT 8061-51-6, Sodium ligninsulfonate 9084-06-4, Formaldehydenaphthalenesulfonic acid copolymer sodium salt 64787-97-9 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(dispersants; soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

IT 9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide 24991-37-5, Acrylamide-sodium methacrylate copolymer 25014-12-4, Polymethacrylamide 25085-02-3, Acrylamide-sodium acrylate copolymer 27924-64-7, Acrylamide-methyl acrylate copolymer

Page 110Mitchell344

28599-85-1, Methyl acrylate-sodium acrylate copolymer 30425-01-5 37100-07-5 38193-60-1 51032-63-4, Methyl methacrylate-sodium acrylate copolymer 53845-61-7 87431-09-2 159830-56-5 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (soil stabilization agents contg. acrylic polymers with improved bleeding resistance)

L37 ANSWER 17 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:658007 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:258007

TITLE:

Aqueous polymer dispersions and their use with

hydraulic binders

INVENTOR(S):

Albrecht, Gerhard; Leitner, Hubert; Werenka, Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Chemie Linz (Deutschland) GmbH, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 8 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 4235643 A1 19940428 DE 1992-4235643 19921022

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1992-4235643 19921022

AB Aq. dispersions of copolymers of .gtoreq.1 ester of an .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carboxylic acid and a C1-12 alc. 70-98, an N-substituted cyclic imide of an .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. dicarboxylic acid 0.05-15, an .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carboxylic acid 0.05-15, and other monomers 0-28% are prepd. and used with hydraulic binders in the prepn. of coatings showing low water absorption and good weather resistance. A dispersion was prepd. by emulsion polymn. of 2-ethylhexyl acrylate 95.26, N-phenylmaleimide 2.5, methacrylic acid 2.0, triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 0.12, and 2-acrylamido-2-methyl-1-propanesulfonic acid 0.12 part and used with cement in a coating compn. for concrete, etc.

IT 158349-11-2P 158349-12-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, in aq. dispersion, for use with hydraulic binders)

RN 158349-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 111Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 109-16-0 CMF C14 H22 O6

CM 4

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \end{array} \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 5

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate,
1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate),
2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1propanesulfonic acid and 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & \text{O} \\ & || \\ & \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ & | \\ & \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ & | \\ & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2 Page 113Mitchell344

CM 4

CRN 109-16-0 CMF C14 H22 O6

CM 5

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \Longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

IC ICM C08F220-12

ICS C08F222-14; C08F222-40; C08F220-04; C08F222-02; C08F002-22; C04B028-04; C04B024-28

ICI C08F220-12, C08F222-40, C08F220-04, C08F222-02, C08F220-38, C08F228-02, C08F212-00, C08F214-06, C08F218-04, C08F220-20, C08F220-26, C08F220-32

CC 42-7 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Section cross-reference(s): 58

ST ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer dispersion coating; maleimide phenyl

Page 114Mitchell344

copolymer dispersion coating; acrylamidomethylpropanesulfonic copolymer dispersion coating; acrylic copolymer dispersion cement coating; water resistance coating acrylic cement; weather resistance coating acrylic cement; carboxy acrylic polymer dispersion coating; sulfonic acrylic polymer dispersion coating

IT

(coatings from acrylic polymer dispersions and, water- and weather-resistant)

Coating materials IT

> (water- and weather-resistant, aq. acrylic polymer dispersions contq. hydraulic binders for)

IT 158349-11-2P 158349-12-3P 158349-13-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, in aq. dispersion, for use with hydraulic binders)

L37 ANSWER 18 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:633159 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:233159

TITLE:

Polymers and polymer dispersions and their use in

hydraulic binders

INVENTOR(S):

Albrecht, Gerhard Dr; Leitner, Hubert; Werenka,

Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Chemie Linz Gesellschaft m.b.h., Austria

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------EP 589256 EP 1993-114032 A1 19940330 19930902 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, PT, SE HU 66270 A2 19941128 HU 1993-2714 19930924 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AT 1992-1906 Copolymers of unsatd. carboxylic acids, carboxylate esters, sulfonic acids, and cyclic imides are prepd. and used in cement-contg. compns. for the prepn. of coatings (e.g., on concrete and renovated buildings) showing low water absorption and good flexibility and toughness. A copolymer of methacrylic acid 25.7, 2-acrylamido-2,2dimethylethanesulfonic acid 1.6, N-phenylmaleimide 32.1, triethylene glycol dimethacrylate 1.6, and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate 1223.4 g was prepd.

IT 158349-11-2P 158349-12-3P

weather-resistant coatings.

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and use with cement in weather-resistant coatings)

and used with portland cement in a compn. which gave

RN 158349-11-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and

Page 115Mitchell344

1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ -| \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2

CM 3

CRN 109-16-0 CMF C14 H22 O6

CM 4

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} \end{array} \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 158349-12-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 1,2-ethanediylbis(oxy-2,1-ethanediyl) bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid and 1-phenyl-1H-pyrrole-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 941-69-5 CMF C10 H7 N O2 Page 117Mitchell344

CM 3

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 4

CRN 109-16-0 CMF C14 H22 O6

CM 5

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} \end{array} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

```
CH<sub>2</sub>
Me-C-CO2H
IC
    ICM C08F220-12
    ICS C04B024-26
    42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
    carboxy polymer cement coating; sulfonic acid polymer
ST
    cement coating; maleimide copolymer cement coating;
    ethylhexyl acrylate copolymer cement coating; water resistance
    coating polymer cement; weather resistance coating polymer
    cement; flexibility coating polymer cement;
    concrete coating polymer cement
IT
    Cement
        (coatings, contg. polymers with carboxy, sulfo, and imide groups,
       weather-resistant)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, preparation
    Imides
    Sulfonic acids, preparation
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (polymers, prepn. and use with cement in weather-resistant
       coatings)
IT
    Coating materials
       (weather-resistant, cement and polymers contg. carboxy,
       sulfo, and imide groups for)
IT
    158349-11-2P 158349-12-3P 158349-13-4P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use with cement in weather-resistant coatings)
L37 ANSWER 19 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       1994:142393 CAPLUS
                        120:142393
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Artificial stone compositions for high-gloss
TITLE:
                        products resistant to chemicals, water, and weathering
INVENTOR(S):
                        Yamaguchi, Susumu; Takabe, Takahiro; Ito, Tokuji;
                        Kobayashi, Naoki; Morita, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Lion Corp, Japan
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                 KIND DATE
    PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
                     ____
                           -------
                                          -----
                 A2
                                          JP 1992-89376
    JP 05254906
                           19931005
                                                           19920313
                                       JP 1992-89376
                                                          19920313
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    The title compns. contain (a) hydraulic inorg. material, (b)
    SiO2-based admixt., preferably fly ash having av. particle size 1-20
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Page 119Mitchell344

.mu.m, (c) water-dispersible acrylic polymer, preferably ultrafine granular polymer having av. particle size 50-2000 nm, prepd. by emulsion polymn., (d) fine aggregate, and (d) pigment at (a)/(b)/(c)/(d)/(e) wt. ratio = (10-50)/(1-50)/(1-30)(0-70)/(0-50).

IT 153344-68-4 153344-70-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (artificial stone compns. contg., mortar-based, for water and acid resistance)

RN 153344-68-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH-----} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3290-92-4 CMF C18 H26 O6

CM 3

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2 Page 120Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{HO--- CH}_2 - \text{NH--- C--- CH------ CH}_2 \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--- C--- CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 153344-70-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, 2-ethyl-2-[[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methyl-2-propenoate), ethyl 2-propenoate, N-(hydroxymethyl)-2-propenamide, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S Page 121Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3290-92-4 CMF C18 H26 O6

CM 3

CRN 924-42-5 CMF C4 H7 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{HO-CH}_2\text{--NH-C-CH} \end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 5

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

IC ICM C04B028-02

ICI C04B028-02, C04B014-04, C04B024-26, C04B014-02

CC 58-3 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST mortar acrylic polymer artificial stone; fly ash artificial stone

IT Mortar

Pigments

(artificial stone compns. contg., acrylic polymer in, for water and acid resistance)

IT Acrylic polymers, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (artificial stone compns. contg., mortar-based, for water and acid resistance)

IT Stone, artificial

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (mortar-based compns. for, acrylic polymer in, for water and acid resistance)

IT Ashes (residues)

(fly, artificial stone compns. contg., acrylic polymer in,

for water and acid resistance)

IT Cement

(portland, artificial stone compns. contg., acrylic polymer in, for water and acid resistance)

IT Cement

(white, artificial stone compns. contg., acrylic polymer in, for water and acid resistance)

IT 50657-41-5 153344-68-4 153344-69-5 153344-70-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (artificial stone compns. contg., mortar-based, for water and acid resistance)

L37 ANSWER 20 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:433221 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:33221

TITLE: Cement admixtures for improving workability

INVENTOR(S): Egawa, Junta; Yoshida, Makiko; Takahashi, Masatoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05032441	A2	19930209	JP 1991-212947	19910729
JP 3172748	B2	20010604		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1991-212947 19910729

AB The cements admixts. comprise (1) a copolymer having no.-av. mol. wt. 750-300,000 from N-substituted-.alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. monocarboxylic amide deriv. (I), CH2=CR1CONHR2SO3X (R1 = H or lower alkyl, R2 = C1-4 alkylene, X = H, alkali metals, alk. earth metals, amminium, or org. ammonium), and unsatd. carboxylic acid or its salt (II) at I/II mol. ratio of (5-95)/(5-95) and (b) a copolymer having no.-av. mol. wt. 10,000-300,000 from I and unsatd. carboxylic ester or vinyl acetate (III) at I/III mol. ratio of (40-95)/(5-60).

IT 37350-42-8 53845-62-8 57502-17-7 62839-61-6 78197-98-5 79020-07-8 86468-54-4 87431-09-2 139412-84-3 148253-18-3

148253-18-3 RL: USES (Uses)

(cement admixts. contg., for workability)

RN 37350-42-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, sodium salt, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7446-81-3

Page 124Mitchell344

CMF C3 H4 O2 . Na

Na

CM 2

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

RN 53845-62-8 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, sodium salt, polymer with
 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium
 salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

$$^{
m CH_2}_{||}_{
m Me}-^{
m C-}_{
m CO_2H}$$

Na

Page 125Mitchell344

CM 2

CRN 5165-97-9

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{O} \\ | \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ - \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

RN 57502-17-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, disodium salt, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 371-47-1 CMF C4 H4 O4 . 2 Na

Double bond geometry as shown.

Page 126Mitchell344

●2 Na

RN 62839-61-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

Na

CM 2

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 78197-98-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 127Mitchell344

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 140-88-5 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 79020-07-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ \text{CH}_2 \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

```
Page 128Mitchell344
```

CM 2

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

 $Aco-CH=CH_2$

RN 86468-54-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 97-63-2 CMF C6 H10 O2

RN 87431-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9

Page 129Mitchell344

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 139412-84-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, dimethyl ester, polymer with
 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium
 salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

Page 130Mitchell344

CRN 624-48-6 CMF C6 H8 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O \\ \hline & Z \\ \hline & OMe \\ \end{array}$$

RN 148253-18-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, diethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 141-05-9 CMF C8 H12 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

IC ICM C04B024-26

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) Section cross-reference(s): 38

```
ST
     cement admixt workability improvement
IT
        (admixts. contg. copolymers from unsatd. monocarboxylic amide derivs.
        and unsatd. carboxylic acid and its ester for, for workability)
IT
     Concrete
        (cement admixts. contg., for workability)
     37350-42-8 53845-62-8 57502-17-7
IT
     62839-61-6 78197-98-5 79020-07-8
     86468-54-4 87431-09-2 139412-84-3
     148253-18-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cement admixts. contg., for workability)
L37 ANSWER 21 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       1993:414176 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        119:14176
TITLE:
                        Cement admixtures for improving flowability
INVENTOR(S):
                        Eqawa, Junta; Yoshida, Makiko; Takahashi, Masatoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                      Lion Corp., Japan
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    JP 05017191
                     A2 19930126
                                          JP 1991-185745 19910629
    JP 3172747
                     B2
                           20010604
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       JP 1991-185745 19910629
    The title cement admixts. contain (a) copolymer (wt. av. mol.
    wt.) from CH2 = CR1CONHR2CO3X (A) (R1 = H or lower alkyl, R2 = C1-4
    alkylene, X = H, alkali metal, alk. earth metal, NH4+), unsatd. carboxylic
    acid or its salt (B), and unsatd. carboxylic acid ester or vinyl acetate
     (C) at A/B/C mol ratio = (10-85)/(10-85)/(3-35), and (b) copolymer (wt.
    av. mol. wt. 10,000-300,000) from A and C at A/C mol ratio =
     (40-95)/(15-60). Thus, a concrete mixt. contg. a cement
     admixt. comprising Na 2-acrylamide-2-methylpropane sulfonate-Na
    methacrylate-Me methacrylate copolymer and Na 2-acrylamide-2-methylpropane
    sulfonate-Me methacrylate copolymer at 80/20 wt. ratio showed good
    flowability (low slump loss).
    62839-61-6 79020-07-8 86468-54-4
IT
     87431-09-2 139412-84-3 142861-77-6
    148253-15-0 148253-16-1 148253-17-2
    148253-18-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (cement admixts. contg., for improving flowability)
RN
    62839-61-6 CAPLUS
CN
    2-Propenoic acid, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-
    propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
```

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \\ & || \\ & \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ & | \\ & \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ & | \\ & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{MeO-C-CH------} \text{CH}_2 \end{array}$$

RN 79020-07-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 133Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

 $AcO-CH-CH_2$

RN 86468-54-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 97-63-2 CMF C6 H10 O2

RN 87431-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

RN 139412-84-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

Page 135Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 624-48-6 CMF C6 H8 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ \hline \text{MeO} & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

RN 142861-77-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt and sodium 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me--C--CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

Page 136Mitchell344

$$^{\text{O}}_{||}$$
 $^{\text{NH-C-CH}}_{||}$ CH₂
 $^{\text{Me-C-CH}}_{||}$ SO₃H
 $^{\text{Me}}_{||}$

Na

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CN

RN 148253-15-0 CAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, sodium salt, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt and methyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{CO}_2 \text{H} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

T

Page 137Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 148253-16-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt and sodium 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

$$^{\cdot}$$
 $^{\text{CH}_2}$ $||$ $^{\text{Me-C-CO}_2\text{H}}$

Na

CM 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 3

CRN 624-48-6 CMF C6 H8 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 148253-17-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, sodium salt, polymer with ethenyl acetate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5536-61-8 CMF C4 H6 O2 . Na

Na

CM 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ -| \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 3

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$AcO-CH$$
 CH_2

RN 148253-18-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, diethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 141-05-9 CMF C8 H12 O4 Page 140Mitchell344

Double bond geometry as shown.

IC ICM C04B024-26

CC 58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

ST polymeric cement admixt flowability improvement

IT Cement

Concrete

(admixts. for, contg. sodium 2-acrylamide-2-methylpropane sulfonate-sodium methacrylate copolymer, for flowability)

IT 62839-61-6 79020-07-8 86468-54-4

87431-09-2 139412-84-3 142861-77-6

148253-15-0 148253-16-1 148253-17-2

148253-18-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(cement admixts. contg., for improving flowability)

L37 ANSWER 22 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1992:157610 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

116:157610

TITLE:

Cement dispersants for slump loss prevention Okada, Toshihiro; Tohori, Etsuo; Yoshida, Makiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Lion Corp., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
	JP 0322885	5 A2	19911009		JP 1990-24138	19900201	
1	PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:			JP 1990-24138	19900201	
7	B The cement	dispersants	contain	(a)	polystyrenesul fonic	acid	

The cement dispersants contain (a) polystyrenesulfonic acid salts and (b) copolymers or their salts of N-(sulfonic group-contg. substituent)-.alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. monocarboxylic acid amide deriv. and monomers which are polymerizable with the amide derivs. Thus, a concrete with a dispersing agent contg. sulfonated polystyrene Na salt and 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid Na salt-Me methacrylate copolymer maintained desired plasticity for 60 min.

IT 77019-71-7 81313-01-1-140144-03-2

140144-04-3 140144-06-5 140144-08-7

140144-09-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(cement dispersants contg. polystyrenesulfonates and, for

Page 141Mitchell344

slump loss prevention) RN 77019-71-7 CAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-CN propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 40623-75-4 (C7 H13 N O4 S . C3 H4 O2)x CMF CCI PMS CM 2 CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S $Me-C-CH_2-SO_3H$. Me CM 3 CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 0 HO-C-CH-CH2 RN 81313-01-1 CAPLUS Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-CNpropenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 64112-05-6 (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2)x CMF CCI PMS CM2 CRN 15214-89-8

CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

3

Page 142Mitchell344

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 108-05-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

 $AcO-CH=CH_2$

RN 140144-03-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 115430-00-7

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H4 O4) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 140144-04-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanesulfonic acid, 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-, polymer with 2-methyl-2-propenamide, calcium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 116085-70-2

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H7 N O) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \end{array}$$

$$\text{CH}_2$$

$$\text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H}$$

$$\text{Me}$$

CM 3

CRN 79-39-0 CMF C4 H7 N O

RN 140144-06-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, calcium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 140144-05-4

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C4 H6 O2) \times

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

RN 140144-08-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, dimethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, calcium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 140144-07-6

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C6 H8 O4)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} \\ -| \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3\text{H} \\ -| \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 624-48-6 CMF C6 H8 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 140144-09-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 104626-08-6

CMF (C7 H13 N O4 S . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2) x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 15214-89-8 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \cdot & \circ \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ || \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 4

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

IT 87431-09-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(cement dispersants contg. polystyrenesulfonates and, for slump loss prevention, prepn. of)

RN 87431-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{NH-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Me-C-CH}_2 - \text{SO}_3 \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

Na

CM 2

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

IC ICM C04B024-26

Page 147Mitchell344

58-1 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials) CC dispersant cement polystyrenesulfonate salt; acrylamido ST alkylsulfonate polymer cement dispersant IT Cement (dispersants for, contg. polystyrenesulfonates and acrylamido alkylsulfonate copolymers, for slump loss prevention) Dispersing agents IT (for cement, contg. polystyrenesulfonates and acrylamido alkylsulfonates copolymers, for slump loss prevention) TΤ Concrete (modifiers for, contq. polystyrenesulfonates and acrylamido alkylsulfonate copolymers, for slump loss prevention) IT9003-53-6D, Polystyrene, sulfonated, sodium or calcium salts RL: USES (Uses) (cement dispersants contg. acrylamido alkylsulfonate copolymers and, for slump loss prevention) 77019-71-7 81313-01-1 140144-03-2 IT 140144-04-3 140144-06-5 140144-08-7 140144-09-8 RL: USES (Uses) (cement dispersants contg. polystyrenesulfonates and, for slump loss prevention) 87431-09-2 IT RL: USES (Uses) (cement dispersants contg. polystyrenesulfonates and, for slump loss prevention, prepn. of) L37 ANSWER 23 OF 30 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:112290 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:112290 Polymeric admixtures for cement TITLE: Yoshida, Makiko; Takahashi, Masatoshi; Tohori, Etsuo INVENTOR(S): Lion Corp., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO DATE

F	AIDNI NO.	KIND	DAIL	AFFILICATION NO.	DAID
_					
J	JP 03228856	A2	19911009	JP 1990-24137	19900201
J	JP 2869662	B2	19990310		
PRIORI	TY APPLN. INFO.	:	JP	1990-24137	19900201
AB T	The admixts. are	95/5-	40/60 mol copol	ymers of CH2:CR1C	ONHR2SO3X [R1 = H,
1	lower alkyl; R2	= C1-4	linear or bran	ched alkyl; $X = H$, alkali metal, alk.
е	earth metal, (or	g.) am	monium] with un	satd. carboxylic	acid ester or vinyl
а	acetate. The ad	nixts.	give cement co	mpns. having high	
f	luidity and low	slump	loss, without	setting delaying.	Concrete
c	contg. Me methac:	rylate	-Na 2-acrylamid	e-2-methylpropane	sulfonate had

lasting slump and air content without retarding.

1

Page 148Mitchell344 62839-61-6 78197-98-5 79020-07-8 86468-54-4 87431-09-2 139412-84-3 139412-85-4 RL: USES (Uses) (admixt., for cement, for fluidization without setting delaying) RN 62839-61-6 CAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, methyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-CN propenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 5165-97-9 CMF C7 H13 N O4 S . Na NH-C-CH-CH2 $Me-C-CH_2-SO_3H$ Me Na CM 2 CRN 96-33-3 CMF C4 H6 O2

MeO-C-CH-CH2

78197-98-5 CAPLUS RN 2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester, polymer with 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-CNpropenyl)amino]-1-propanesulfonic acid monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

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